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BUILDING UNIONS AGREE TO DEMAND FOR REFORMS

STATE NOW LIVES WITHIN ITS INCOME, GOV. MILLER SAYS

Real Estate May Be Relieved If New Appropriations Do Not Exceed \$125,000,000.

NOTHING ABOUT BONUS

Extraordinary Session of Legislature Necessary on New York City Charter.

ALBANY, Jan. 4.—Gov. Miller in his annual message to the Legislature to-day made a special reference to the fact that the State was now living within its income, but made no mention of the soldiers' bonus. Among the most important points were the following:

Demands further reduction in cost of administration of State Government.

Promises to relieve real estate of the burden of the direct tax of \$22,500,000 for teachers' salaries if the appropriations are kept within \$125,000,000 this year. Says this can be done without impairing the efficiency of any activity of the State.

Absence of usual deficiency requests is evidence that last year's drastic reductions amply provided for all State needs.

State now living within its income.

Instead of deficiencies, many departments and institutions will show surpluses at the end of the fiscal year.

Scores the increased cost of local government and recommends an inquiry into the causes of the excessive cost of local governments.

Requests that all proposed local legislation affecting the City of New York be held for consideration with the report of the Charter Revision Commission at the extraordinary session.

Asserts there is unnecessary duplication of effort between the Department of Public Works, the State Engineer's office, the Department of Highways, the State Architect and the Department of Public Buildings, and recommends constitutional amendment which will make it possible for the Legislature to provide for the consolidation and reorganization of two or more State Departments from time to time, as experience may dictate.

Would end printing monopoly.

Recommends a central purchasing body to be known as Board of Purchase and Supply, and a committee to prescribe standards.

Recommends that ex-service men in the metropolitan district be transferred to Kings Park which is best suited for their care, a plan approved by the American Legion.

Wants prison industries put on an industrial basis and surplus of compensation over maintenance saved for prisoners until discharged, or transmitted to dependents; and advocates the appointment of a Superintendent of Prison Industries.

Recommends provision for equal participation of women with men in party management.

Favors making use of voting machines obligatory in first and second class cities.

Recommends establishing children's courts having jurisdiction over all cases of delinquent and neglected children.

Advocates the passage of a permissive act authorizing the establishment of County Boards of Child Welfare having sole jurisdiction to deal with cases of dependents.

Requests that it be made the duty of Attorney General to represent public before Public Service Commission in commission's state-wide inquiry of telephone company.

ALL REFORMS AGREED TO BY THE BUILDING UNIONS

Untermyer Announces Victory Will Insure Stable Conditions Throughout State.

SETTLEMENT COMPLETE.

No Legislation Will Now Be Asked to Compel Unions to Incorporate.

Following a four-hour conference with representatives of the Building Trade unions at his residence, No. 2 East 54th Street, Samuel Untermyer, voluntary counsel of the Lockwood Committee, announced this afternoon that a complete agreement had been reached on the nineteen reforms demanded by the committee.

"We have reached an understanding which makes any legislative action on the part of the committee unnecessary," Mr. Untermyer declared. "Our committee has not introduced any bills compelling the unions of New York State to incorporate, nor will we back any legislation to that effect. A great victory has been won which assures a stable condition in the unions of the State."

Mr. Untermyer also stated that he has received assurance that the modified demands will be approved by the Executive Committee of the State Federation of Labor and immediately carried into effect by the various locals throughout the State.

At the meeting there were present Patrick Crowley, representing the Building Trades Council, Martin McKenna, Business Delegate of the Steamfitters Union, Patrick Drew, Business Agent of the Plumbers Union, Richard Patterson, President of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union, Thomas Clark, Business Delegate of the Electric Workers Union, No. 3, Samuel Squibbs, Business Agent of the Granite Cutters Union, with Frank N. Sullivan acting as their counsel, all constituting a committee appointed by and representing the various unions connected with the Building Trades Council.

The various changes in the constitutions, by-laws, rules, regulations and practices of labor unions throughout the city of the State demanded by the Joint Legislative Committee on Housing were taken up for consideration and agreed to, except as follows:

(1) Regulation No. 2 is amended so as to provide that the initiation fee shall in no event exceed \$75, which shall be payable to the extent of \$25, whatever may be the fee, upon the initiation and the balance in weekly installments of \$5 per week. Wherever the initiation is \$50 or less, it may be payable at one time.

(2) Regulation No. 3 is amended so as to substitute the age of 20 for the age of 25 as the limit for apprentices, and the following was added: Demand No. 3: "All limitations in

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2 HELD FOR THEFT HAD BEEN FREED ON OTHER CHARGES

Magistrate Corrigan Scores Ease With Which Criminals Gain Their Liberty.

The contention that a large percentage of those being arrested almost daily charged with crimes ranging from killing to petit larceny are either on bail awaiting trial for previous offenses or are free under suspended sentences was borne out to-day in the arraignment of two prisoners before Magistrate Corrigan in Jefferson Market Court for the theft of an automobile.

The prisoners were Frank McKenna, twenty-three, of No. 386 DeGraw Street, and Andrew Dowd, twenty-four, of No. 166 Sedgwick Street, both Brooklyn. McKenna, according to police records, was arrested in August last, charged with grand larceny. County Judge Martin suspended sentence in this instance. Dowd was arrested in August, 1916, on a charge of criminal assault. In this case sentence was suspended by County Judge Hyman, now Mayor Hyman. He was also arrested in 1917 charged with disorderly conduct and again this sentence was suspended.

"This is an illustration of the folly of suspended sentences," was Magistrate Corrigan's comment when the men were arraigned before him, and their records submitted to him. "One-half of the crime committed to-day is by those either on probation or under suspended sentences. First offenders, knowing the leniency of those in authority, often commit crimes which they would not commit if they were certain of a heavy sentence."

McKenna and Dowd, with Thomas O'Rourke, twenty, of No. 79 Douglas Street, Brooklyn, were charged with the theft of a motor car belonging to Samuel Cohen, a fur merchant, of No. 256 Seventh Avenue.

Magistrate Corrigan held McKenna and Dowd in \$5,000 bail each for the action of the Grand Jury. O'Rourke, on the stand, satisfied the court that he was the victim of bad associates, and his bail was fixed at \$500. The police have no previous record of him.

WOMAN CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR DEFEATED.

GREENVILLE, S. C., Jan. 4.—Miss Addie Tatham, the first South Carolina woman to run for office of Mayor, was defeated in yesterday's city election at Walhalla. She received 29 votes against 194 for James M. Moss, her opponent.

CONGRESSMAN PETERS RESIGNS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Representative Peter J. Peters, Republican, resigned to-day as a member of the House from the Third Maine District to become Federal District Judge in Maine.

5TH AVE. BURGLAR CALMLY CONFESSES A SCORE OF JOBS

Hauck Relates Activities in "Silk Stocking" District in Past Year.

LOOT UP IN THOUSANDS

Always Worked Alone and Took Only Valuable Silverware, He Admits.

Putting with obvious ease and contentment at one of Police Captain Dunne's cigars, Adolph Hauck, whose other name is Gisteler, related in the East 67th Street Station this afternoon the details of more than a score of burglaries he had committed in the "Silk Stocking" district of this city in the last twelve months.

Once, as he flicked off the ashes, he said, with every indication of pride, that he always worked alone; that he only went after silverware on the parlor floor, and that he could tell sterling from plate in the dark.

When the recital was finished, even to the value of the silverware in each of the robberies, he told the police the addresses of the pawnshops in this city, Brooklyn and Jersey City in which he had disposed of his loot. Some of it was recovered before he had finished his recital.

Hauck, who gave his name to-day as Gisteler, was picked up "on description" shortly before noon by Detectives Smith and Shelly at 75th Street and First Avenue. There was no mistaking the man, who is heavy of build, well dressed and wears a generous mustache.

The immediate complainant against him was Mrs. Hallington, 64-year-old wife of a broker, living at No. 106 East 73d Street, whose house was entered on Oct. 6 and robbed of 100 pieces of silverware valued at \$2,500, and an overcoat belonging to Mr. Fales. Hauck had the overcoat on when he was arrested. In addition he had \$370 in bills pinned to his underclothes and a towel, piece of soap and comb in his pocket.

The prisoner at first denied knowledge of any burglaries, but under the influence of the clear he eventually confessed. Among the houses he said he had entered, the silverware stolen and the value thereof, were:

Oct. 27, the residence of A. H. Kahn, No. 32 East 65th Street; 120 pieces, \$2,000.

Nov. 9, James R. A. Foshburgh, No. 14 East 30th Street; 137 pieces, \$1,000.

Nov. 18—George Chastillon, No. 12 East 23d Street; 134 pieces, \$1,500.

Nov. 23—Edward W. Harris, No. 13 East 63d Street; 109 pieces, \$2,000.

Nov. 23—Herman A. Smack, No. 23 East 23d Street; 49 pieces, \$1,000.

Dec. 21—Calman Haas, No. 7 East 69th Street; 87 pieces, \$1,200.

Several small pieces of silverware were in his pockets when he was searched to-day, but he said he could not remember where he had stolen them.

Hauck, or Gisteler, who is about fifty years old, said he had no home and was sleeping in a tub at the Suburban Homes, 75th Street and Avenue A. The police credit him with a long record and many years spent in prison. He was caught in the home of the late James F. Hill, No. 8 East 65th Street, with a quantity of silverware and was sent to Sing Sing for five years. He was sent to the same prison in January, 1916, for four and a half years for stealing silver from William C. Leonard, No. 38 West 72d Street.

HOLDING—The Tenets of Escape. NOW—Ketch's Palace.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU. Arrands, Puttars, Wards, Bunking, 3-12, Park Row, N. Y. City. Telephone, Brooklyn 41-1. Check room for baggage and parcels open day and night. Motor vehicles and automobiles, storage, etc.

Ex-Dry Chief and Whitman Aid Charged With Liquor Frauds



WILLIAM A. ORR... HAROLD L. HART

DE VALERA FACES REFUSAL OF HIS PEACE PLAN BY DAIL

842 POISON BOOZE CASES IN '21, KINGS HOSPITAL RECORD

As Many Alcoholics as Eve but Prohibition Rum Effects Are Worse.

Additional evidence of poisonous liquor on the upper west side was brought to the attention of the West 68th Street police at 2:30 o'clock this morning when Mrs. Charles A. Taylor, No. 11 West 68th Street, telephoned the station.

"There's a woman outside my apartment door and she seems to be dying," she said.

When an ambulance arrived from Flower Hospital Mrs. Taylor had got the woman onto a couch, where she was unconscious. She was taken to Bellevue and after several hours was revived enough to give her name and address, but that was all. She said she was Margaret Hickey, No. 126 West 62d Street. She was about thirty years old. Alcohol poisoning was the diagnosis. Her condition is grave.

Dr. Mortimer D. Jones of Kings County Hospital said to-day that 842 patients had been admitted to that institution in 1921 to be treated for alcoholic poisoning, mostly due to the deadly methods of manufacture. There was only one case of wood alcohol, he said, and none of the cases was due to home brew.

"These cases dropped to a minimum," he said, "in the first two months after the start of the police enforcement of the Mullan-Gage law, but they rose to a maximum several months later. The highest figure was 105 for the month of October. In November there were eighty-seven and in December ninety-six. Thus far in January there have been twenty."

"The percentage of deaths is about the same as it was before Prohibition, but even though patients escape death they are very much sicker than alcoholics used to be before Prohibition. They are also sicker in recovering, and the after effects are worse."

The West 68th Street police say they have received information which may lead them to the source of much of the poisonous stuff that has been flooding the district.

Martin Ryan and John Horan, charged with furnishing some of the wood alcohol that had caused hospital deaths, were held in the West 68th Street station yesterday for further examination. Ryan admitted selling to Horan some stuff that he said he got from a ship. The ship has sailed.

"I know what the women of Ireland want as well as you," the first speaker declared. "The first speaker regretted the disagreement with Eamon De Valera, whom the Dail members, he said, regarded with admiration."

As for the provisions of the treaty, they represented goods delivered and not promised. He did not like some part about the treaty, but he accepted it as a step toward more, and as regarded the opponents of the treaty as guilty of "criminal incitement to national suicide." They would sacrifice the whole population of Ireland on the altar of national principles.

He criticized De Valera's "Document No. 2," the alternative proposal, saying there would be a Governor General even under it.

This last declaration provoked a loud scene. Mr. De Valera said the proposal should not be referred to.

(Continued on Second Page.)

EX-DRY CHIEF, ASSISTANT AND WHITMAN SECRETARY INDICTED IN RUM FRAUDS

Hart, Reddy and Orr Among Twenty Accused of Conspiring to Issue 50,000 More Cases of Liquor Than Called For in Illegal Permits.

Former Judge Harold J. Hart of Binghamton, until a few weeks ago United States Prohibition Director in the District of New York; Thomas Reddy, his chief assistant in the prohibition enforcement office, and William A. Orr, former secretary to Gov. Charles S. Whitman, were named in a batch of twenty indictments for defrauding the Government in obtaining liquor made public to-day in the United States District Court.

The indictments include those of Owen B. Murphy, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Bronx County Democratic Committee; Thomas F. Duffy, active in Bronx politics, and Michael J. Lynch, said to be a clerk in Judge Hart's office.

BLACK CAPS KEPT ON SHIPPED DEAD

Watson Witness Says Unidentified Were Sent Home as Identified.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Rufus P. Hubbard of New York, employed by the American Graves Registration Service in preparing bodies of American soldiers for shipment from France, told the Senate committee investigating the Watson charges to-day that on three bodies disinterred he found a rope around the neck of each and a black cap over each face.

"I think it was a disgrace to the army that the bodies went to the parents without the black caps being removed," he said.

"Were bodies that were not properly identified shipped home as identified?" Senator Brandegee asked.

"They were," Hubbard replied.

Many women in the crowded room who had sons overseas leaned forward and listened closely to Hubbard's long recital of "carelessness," some with tears in their eyes.

Emmett Cookman, of Savannah, Ga., former Lieutenant with the 389th (colored) Infantry of New York, who shot a negro soldier who was creating a disturbance in a French town, was tried by court-martial for murder and acquitted, testified that he was transferred to another outfit by Col. Hayward after the court-martial. Statements made in letters to Senator Watson and Cookman brought a sharp dispute between them at the hearing. Senator Brandegee said Col. Hayward might be called to testify.

ENGLISH STAGE PORTRAYS CHRIST FOR FIRST TIME

14-Year-Old Girl Impersonates Redeemer in Strindberg Play.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—An impersonation of Christ has been permitted for the first time on an English stage in the production here of Strindberg's symbolic play, "Advent." A fourteen-year-old girl appeared as the Redeemer.

Dramatic critics are inclined to take the view that the English stage has been broadening in regard to religious plays, probably owing to the fact that representations of Christ have appeared often in the films.

Judge Hart resumed Oct. 6, 1921, after just seven months in office. He pronounced himself at the outset as a "strict enforcement" man and his published rulings and announcements that withdrawals would be held to the minimum were very much like O'Connor. When E. C. Yellowley came from Washington to check up conditions in this district, friction between himself and Judge Hart, though denied, was obvious. After several visits to Washington, Yellowley virtually took charge of Judge Hart's office over his head.

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